Middle School ISAT Science Range ALDs



IDAHO STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

ASSESSMENT | ISAT SCIENCE

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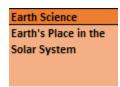
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INTRODUCTION

This document breaks down the Middle School Science Idaho Content Standards that are assessed in Grade 8 on the Idaho Standards Achievement Test (ISAT) into a range of Achievement Level Descriptors (ALDs). The range ALDs are organized into a hierarchy of Sections and Categories as defined below.

Within each section, the Science and Engineering Practice (SEP) is in bold to show the major differences between each level. The Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCI) and Crosscutting Concepts (CCC) largely stay the same between level descriptors of the same category.

Section: Each section organizes the range ALDs into the major science domains identified in the Idaho Science Standards; Earth Science, Life Science, and Physical Science. The color-coded **Section Title** appears as a header above the range ALD tables.



Category: The categories in each table group are related to each major science domain, for example, Earth's Place in the Solar System is related to Earth Science. The descriptors next to this category describe what students should know and be able to do throughout the entire range of a achievement level.

Achievement Level Descriptor Definitions

- Level 4 (Advanced): The student has exceeded the Middle School expectations and demonstrates advanced use of science and engineering practices, and crosscutting concepts. The student has a deep understanding of the fundamental practices within the scientific disciplines that are used to explain the natural world and design solutions to address real-life situations.
- Level 3 (Proficient): The student has met the Middle School expectations and has the ability to use science and engineering practices, and crosscutting concepts. The student understands the fundamental practices within the scientific disciplines that are used to explain the natural world and design solutions to address real-life situations.

- Level 2 (Basic): The student has nearly met the Middle School expectations and is developing the ability to use science and engineering practices, and crosscutting concepts. The student has a partial understanding of the fundamental practices within the scientific disciplines that are used to explain the natural world and design solutions to address real-life situations.
- Level 1 (Below Basic): The student has not met the Middle School expectations and has difficulty using science and engineering practices, and crosscutting concepts. The student has an incomplete understanding of the fundamental practices within the scientific disciplines that are used to explain the natural world and design solutions to address real-life situations.

EARTH SCIENCE

Students that are a level may be able to do things like	1	2	3	4
Earth's Place in the Solar System	Identify components of a model that measures and	Identify data from tables and other graphical displays by	Explain the patterned motions of the Sun-Earth-Moon system,	Explain the patterned motions of the Sun-Earth-
the Solar System	collects evidence to explain	developing and/or using a	the role of gravity in the	Moon system, the role of
	the similarities and	simple model that can be used	motion of galaxies and the	gravity in the motion of
	differences in the patterned	as pieces of evidence to	solar system, or the relative	galaxies and the solar
	motions of the Sun-Earth-	explain the patterned motions	occurrence of events in the	system, or the relative
	Moon system, the role of	of the Sun-Earth-Moon system,	Earth's and solar system's	occurrence of events in the
	gravity in the motion of	the role of gravity in the	history by developing and/or	Earth's and solar system's
	galaxies and the solar system,	motion of galaxies and the	using a model or by using	history by evaluating
	or the relative occurrence of events in the Earth's and solar	solar system, or the relative occurrences of events in the	graphical displays of data.	and/or revising a model based on constraints and
	system's history.	Earth's and solar system's		data limitations.
	System s mistory.	history.		data illilitations.
Earth's Systems	Identify the patterns in the	Explain patterns using a model	Develop, use and/or revise a	Generate data that
	flow or cycles of energy and	or using an investigation or	model that shows patterns in	supports an explanation
	matter throughout Earth's	using bar graphs, pictographs,	the flow or cycles of energy	that shows patterns in how
	systems, including the sun and	and other various graphical	and matter throughout Earth's	energy and matter flow or
	Earth's interior as primary	data that supports how energy	systems, including the sun and	cycle throughout Earth's
	energy sources by making	and matter flow or cycle	Earth's interior as primary	systems, including the sun
	measurements and/or observations from graphical	throughout Earth's systems, including the sun and Earth's	energy sources by analyzing data from an investigation;	and Earth's interior as primary energy sources by
	data to help identify the	interior as primary energy	and construct an explanation	evaluating and revising a
	components of a model; and	sources; and explain that	for how Earth's processes have	model; and evaluate the
	explain that Earth's processes	Earth's processes have	changed the Earth's surface at	impact of new data by
	have changed the Earth's	changed the earth's surface at	varying spatial and time scales	predicting how the Earth's
	surface at varying spatial and	varying spatial and time scales	by interpreting evidence.	processes will change the
	time scales by identifying	by organizing evidence.		earth's surface at varying
	evidence.			spatial and time scales if a
				new variable is introduced.

Students that are a level may be able to do things like	1	2	3	4
Earth and Human	Identify scientific questions	Ask questions about data or	Ask questions and/or design a	Evaluate and revise a
Activity	using collected and/or graphically represented evidence regarding the dependency of humans on the environment for different resources; and identify evidence that can help design a simple solution that minimizes the effect of humans on the environment or identify the observed patterns that emerge between natural hazards and their related geological forces.	apply scientific ideas about the uneven distribution of natural resources and human dependence on the environment for those resources to design a simple solution that minimizes the effect of humans on the environment; and to explain the history of natural hazards and their related geological forces.	solution that could minimize the effect of humans on the environment by analyzing and interpreting sets of data regarding the uneven distribution of natural resources and human dependence on the environment for those resources; and explain the observable patterns seen in the data from the history of natural hazards and their related geological forces.	question that can modify a design solution that minimizes the effect of humans on the environment by analyzing and interpreting sets of data regarding the uneven distribution of natural resources and human dependence on the environment for those resources; and explain the effect of humans on the environment; and predict future patterns of natural hazards when considering the impact of humans on

LIFE SCIENCE

Students that are a level may be able to do things like	1	2	3	4
From Molecules	Organize information from an	Support an argument using	Engage in an argument using	Evaluate and revise a
to Organisms:	investigation to support an	evidence by gathering and	evidence by gathering and	model or explanation using
Structure and	argument using evidence or	organizing information from	synthesizing data from an	investigative data as
Processes	identify the components of a	an investigation or explain by	investigation or explain by	evidence to support an
	model to explain that all living	using a model that all living	developing and/or using a	argument that all living
	things are made up of cells	things are made up of cells	model that all living things are	things are made up of cells
	that work together to form	that work together to form	made up of cells that work	that work together to form
	more complex structures and	more complex structures and	together to form more complex	more complex structures
	systems; both plants and	systems; both plants and	structures and systems; both	and systems; both plants
	animals convert energy into	animals convert energy into	plants and animals convert	and animals convert energy
	food sources but the process	food sources but the process	energy into food sources but	into food sources but the
	to do so is different;	to do so is different;	the process to do so is	process to do so is different;
	characteristic animal	characteristic animal behaviors	different; characteristic animal	characteristic animal
	behaviors and specialized	and specialized plant	behaviors and specialized plant	behaviors and specialized
	plant structures affect the	structures affect the	structures affect the probability	plant structures affect the
	probability of reproduction.	probability of reproduction.	of reproduction.	probability of reproduction.

Students that are a level may be able to do things like	1	2	3	4
Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics	Explain the dynamic relationships and interactions between the diverse types of living and nonliving parts of an ecosystem including the flow of energy and the cycling of matter among organisms and abiotic components of an ecosystems by identifying components of a model; and support a solution to mitigate disruptions to any part of an ecosystem by human access to natural resources by organizing multiple graphical displays of data.	Explain the dynamic relationships and interactions between the diverse types of living and nonliving parts of an ecosystem including the flow of energy and the cycling of matter among organisms and abiotic components of an ecosystems by using a model; and support a solution to mitigate disruptions to any part of an ecosystem by human access to natural resources by organizing and identifying patterns from multiple graphical displays of data.	Explain and predict the dynamic relationships and interactions between the diverse types of living and nonliving parts of an ecosystem including the flow of energy and the cycling of matter among organisms and abiotic components of an ecosystems by developing and/or using a model; and design and support a solution to mitigate disruptions to any part of an ecosystem by human access to natural resources by analyzing and interpreting multiple graphical displays of data.	Explain and support that the dynamic relationships and interactions between the diverse types of living and nonliving parts of an ecosystem, including the flow of energy and the cycling of matter among producers, consumers, and decomposers when a variable in the system is changed by analyzing and/or revising a model; and design a solution to mitigate disruptions to any part of an ecosystem by human access to natural resources by evaluating limitations of data when analyzing and interpreting multiple graphical displays of data.

Students that are a level may be able to do things like	1	2	3	4
Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits	Describe the relationship among variables by identifying the components of a model that shows why sexual/asexual reproduction may have different results of genetic variation in offspring, and that complex and microscopic structural changes to genes (mutations) can be analyzed to determine how they affect the structure and function of an organism.	Describe the relationship among variables by using a model that shows why sexual/asexual reproduction may have different results of genetic variation in offspring, and that complex and microscopic structural changes to genes (mutations) can be analyzed to determine how they affect the structure and function of an organism.	Describe the relationship among variables by developing and/or using a model that shows why sexual/asexual reproduction may have different results of genetic variation in offspring, and that complex and microscopic structural changes to genes (mutations) can be analyzed to determine how they affect the structure and function of an organism.	Describe the relationship among variables by evaluating and revising a model that shows sexual/asexual reproduction may have different results of genetic variation in offspring or predicts what changes would occur in the function of an organisms if there is a mutation in the organism's genes.
Biological Evolution: Unity and Diversity	Explain why species can change over time and communicate the similarities or differences found in past and present organisms or fossil records of past environmental conditions by identifying the patterns in large data sets; and construct an explanation using data about how humans influence the biodiversity of an area, and natural or artificial selection can give some organisms an advantage in survival and reproduction.	Explain why species can change over time and communicate the similarities or differences found in past and present organisms or fossil records of past environmental conditions by organizing and identifying the patterns in large data sets; and construct an explanation by gathering and using data about how humans influence the biodiversity of an area, and natural or artificial selection can give some organisms an advantage in survival and reproduction.	Explain why species can change over time and communicate the similarities or differences found in past and present organisms or fossil records of past environmental conditions by analyzing and interpreting the patterns in large data sets; and construct an explanation by gathering and synthesizing data about how humans influence the biodiversity of an area, and natural or artificial selection can give some organisms an advantage in survival and reproduction.	Analyze and evaluate an explanation using large data sets that show the similarities or differences found in past and present organisms or fossil records of past environmental conditions; and form an explanation by applying concepts of statistics and probability (variability) and synthesizing the data that as humans influence the biodiversity of an area, natural or artificial selection can give some organisms an advantage in survival and reproduction.

PHYSICAL SCIENCE

Students that are a level may be able to do things like	1	2	3	4
Matter and Its Interactions	Explain the conservation of mass when two substances react by identifying the components a model; and construct an explanation by interpreting data and using evidence that supports that the properties of matter are a function of the composition of atoms and molecules that make up matter, as well as the thermal energy.	Explain the conservation of mass when two substances react by using a model; and construct an explanation by gathering and interpreting data and using evidence that supports that the properties of matter are a function of the composition of atoms and molecules that make up matter, as well as the thermal energy.	Explain the conservation of mass when two substances react by developing and/or using a model; and construct an explanation by analyzing data and using evidence that supports that the properties of matter are a function of the composition of atoms and molecules that make up matter, as well as the thermal energy.	Explain the conservation of mass when two substances react by evaluating and revising a model; and predict how changes to the molecular structure or thermal energy of matter can affect its properties by using data and evidence.
Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions	Identify questions, conduct an investigation, and identify data, regarding the relationship between mass, force, and motion, and the attractive and repulsive forces that act at a distance (electric, magnetic, and gravitational forces.)	Identify questions, conduct an investigation, and organize and use data to make a claim regarding the relationship between mass, force, and motion, and the attractive and repulsive forces that act at a distance (electric, magnetic, and gravitational forces.)	Ask questions, plan and conduct an investigation, and analyze and interpret data to make and support a claim regarding the relationship between mass, force, and motion, and the attractive and repulsive forces that act at a distance (electric, magnetic, and gravitational forces.)	Ask questions, conduct, evaluate, and revise an investigation, and analyze and evaluate data to make and support a claim regarding the relationship between mass, force, and motion, and the attractive and repulsive forces that act at a distance (electric, magnetic, and gravitational forces.)

Students that are a level may be able to do things like	1	2	3	4
Energy	Identify components of a model that investigates how kinetic and potential energy interact, transform, or transfer to another object; and collect and record data for an investigation that provides data regarding the temperature and total energy of a system and its dependency on a variety of factors, including the types and states of matter, as well as the amount of matter involved.	Describe kinetic and potential energy interact, transform, or transfer to another object by using a given model; and collect and record data regarding the temperature and total energy of a system and its dependence on a variety of factors, including the types and states of matter, as well as the amount of matter involved.	Describe how kinetic and potential energy interact, transform, or transfer to another object by developing and using a model or investigation; and provide evidence by analyzing data from an investigation that the temperature and total energy of a system is dependent on a variety of factors, including the types and states of matter, as well as the amount of matter involved.	Predict changes to the interaction of kinetic and potential energy, including how energy is transformed, or transferred to another object by evaluating and/or revising a model; and provide evidence that the temperature and total energy of a system is dependent on a variety of factors, including the types and states of matter, as well as the amount of matter involved by applying concepts of statistics and probability.
Waves and their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer	Describe the patterns observed between wave characteristics and wave energy by identifying the mathematical components in a model; and show that waves are reflected, absorbed, or transmitted through various materials by selecting a claim with evidence.	Describe the patterns observed between wave characteristics and wave energy by using given mathematical representations in a model; and show that waves are reflected, absorbed, or transmitted through various materials by supporting a claim with evidence.	Describe the patterns observed between wave characteristics and wave energy by developing and using mathematical representations in a model; and show that waves are reflected, absorbed, or transmitted through various materials by constructing a claim supported by evidence.	Predict patterns between wave characteristics and wave energy by evaluating and revising a mathematical model; and provide evidence to support a claim that waves are reflected, absorbed, or transmitted through various materials by integrating qualitative, quantitative, and technical data.